

BEGIN - SEPTEMBER 30, 1959

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SECOND NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV-CHINA (240)

BY JOHN RODERICK

TOKYO, THURSDAY, OCT. 1 (AP)--WARNED BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV THAT RENUNCIATION OF WAR IS AN URGENT NEED, RED CHINA'S RULERS BEGAN TODAY THE CELEBRATION OF A DECADE OF THEIR MASTERY OVER THE WORLD'S MOST POPULOUS NATION.

PEIPING RADIO SAID 500,000 PEOPLE JAMMED INTO THE SQUARE OF HEAVENLY PEACE IN PEIPING, THE FORBIDDEN CITY OF CHINA'S OLD EMPERORS, FOR A VAST PARADE THROUGH THE CAPITAL.

KHRUSHCHEV, ARRIVING IN THE CHINESE CAPITAL LESS THAN THREE DAYS AFTER HIS DEPARTURE FROM WASHINGTON, DECLARED ON THE EVE OF THE CELEBRATION LAST NIGHT:

"WE, ON OUR PART, MUST DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO PRECLUDE WAR AS A MEANS OF SETTLING OUTSTANDING QUESTIONS." DIFFERENCES MUST BE SOLVED BY NEGOTIATION, HE ADDED.

USING THE ALL-EMBRACING "WE" TO COVER THE COMMUNIST BLOC IN A SPEECH AT A RECEPTION, KHRUSHCHEV'S WORDS APPEARED TO HAVE DIRECTED AN APPEAL FOR A SOFTTER ATTITUDE BY THE COMMUNIST CHINESE TOWARD THEIR MOST HATED ANTAGONIST, THE UNITED STATES.

MAO TZE-TUNG, THE CHINESE COMMUNIST BOSS, AND PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI WERE AMONG THOSE WHO HEARD HIS WORDS.

KHRUSHCHEV, MAO, CHOU, CHINESE PRESIDENT LIU SHAO-CHI, SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO, AND MIKHAIL SUSLOV, A LEADING MEMBER OF THE SOVIET POLITBURO, STOOD ON THE HIGH RED GATE OF HEAVENLY PEACE TO REVIEW THE PARADE OF THE CHINESE RED ARMY.

THE CELEBRATIONS BEGAN WITH A SPEECH BY PENG CHEN, MAYOR OF PEIPING. GIANT PAPER LANTERNS HUNG OVER THE CENTRAL ROSTRUM, AND FLAGS FLUTTERED OVER THE NEWLY BUILT NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BUILDING ON

THE SQUARE. FLOWER-DECKED PYLONS AND ARCHES DECORATED THE CITY WHERE MAO PROCLAIMED THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC 10 YEARS AGO.

PEIPING RADIO DESCRIBED THE PARADE AS THE BIGGEST MILITARY DEMONSTRATION IN RED CHINA'S HISTORY.

IT SAID A SEEMINGLY ENDLESS PROCESSION OF MEN AND MODERN EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING 144 GUNS AND 99 TANKS, RUMBLED PAST, WHILE 155 JET FIGHTERS AND BOMBERS ROARED OVERHEAD.

AFTER THE SHOW OF MILITARY MIGHT, THE EW DEFENSE MINISTER MARSHAL LIN PA PIAO, AGAIN DECLARED IN AN ORDER OF THE DAY:

"WE WILL WITHOUT FAIL LIBERATE TAIWAN (FORMOSA) AND THE COASTAL ISLANDS"--WHICH ARE HELD BY NATIONALIST CHINA.

HE DID NOT SAY HOW OR WHEN.

IN AN ARTICLE IN THE OFFICIAL PEOPLES DAILY, HOWEVER, HE COUPLED A SIMILR DECLARATION ON FORMOSA WITH THE STATEMENT THAT "THE POSSIBILITIES OF RELAXATION OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION AND CONSOLIDATION OF WORLD PEACE ARE INCREASING WITH EACH PASSING DAY."

PREMIER CHOU AT A RECEPTION LAST NIGHT WELCOMED THE JOINT COMMUNIQUE ISSUED BY KHRUSHCHEV AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AFTER THEIR CAMP DAVID TALKS.

KHRUSHCHEV, IN ASSERTING TO THE CHINESE THAT EVERYTHING MUST BE DONE TO RULE OUT WAR. REFERRED TO HIS UNITED STATES VISIT AND SAID:

"WHEN I TALKED TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER . . . MY IMPRESSION WAS THAT THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES--AND HE HAS THE SUPPORT OF MANY PEOPLE--IS AWARE OF THE NEED FOR RELAXING INTERNATIONAL TENSION."

THE SOVIET PREMIER TOLD THE GATHERING THAT ALTHOUGH COMMUNIST NATIONS HAVE CREATED A MIGHTY POTENTIAL THEY SHOULD NOT TEST THE STABILITY OF THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM BY FORCE.

"THIS WOULD BE WRONG," HE SAID. "THE PEOPLES WOULD NEVER UNDERSTAND AND WOULD NEVER SUPPORT THOSE WHO TOOK IT INTO THEIR HEADS TO ACT IN THIS WAY. WE HAVE ALWAYS BEEN AGAINST PREDATORY WARS . . . MARXISTS HAVE ALWAYS RECOGNIZED ONLY LIBERATING, JUST WARS."

"EVEN SO NOBLE AND PROGRESSIVE A SYSTEM AS SOCIALISM (COMMUNISM) CANNOT BE IMPOSED BY FORCE OF ARMS AGAINST THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE."

THE KHRUSHCHEV STATEMENT MIGHT BE REGARDED AS A WARNING TO RED CHINA TO AVOID ARMED CONFLICT OVER SUCH ISSUES AS ITS CLAIM TO ABOUT 40,000 SQUARE MILES OF TERRITORY ON THE INDIA-CHINA FRONTIER. THE SOVIET UNION URGED PEIPING AND NEW DELHI IN EARLY SEPTEMBER TO SETTLE THEIR BORDER QUARREL.

THE CHINESE COMMUNIST CLAIM TO FORMOSA COULD BE A DIFFERENT MATTER, IN VIEW OF KHRUSHCHEV'S REFERENCE TO "LIBERATING, JUST WARS." PEIPING DESCRIBES ITS CAMPAIGN AGAINST FORMOSA AND OFFSHORE ISLANDS OF NATIONALIST CHINA AS A LIBERATION MOVEMENT.

ON HIS ARRIVAL FROM MOSCOW A FEW HOURS EARLIER KHRUSHCHEV HAD PRONOUNCED A NEED FOR ENDING THE COLD WAR.

"WE MUST DO EVERYTHING IN ORDER TO EASE THE SITUATION AND TO CREATE CONDITIONS FOR FRIENDLINESS BETWEEN ALL NATIONS," HE TOLD MAO AND RED SATELLITE LEADERS WHO WELCOMED HIM AT THE AIRPORT. "WE MUST MAKE ALL EFFORTS TO CREATE CONDITIONS FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF WORLD PEACE."

THEN HE HAD A SECRET HUDDLE WITH MAO AND THEIR TOP RUSSIAN AND CHINESE AIDES. THESE TALKS WERE CORDIAL AND FRIENDLY, PEIPING RADIO ANNOUNCED.

THE RECEPTION WAS HELD IN THE BANQUET HALL OF THE NATIONAL PEOPLE'S CONGRESS (PARLIAMENT). KHRUSHCHEV SPOKE BEFORE ABOUT 5,000 PERSONS. AS IN THE UNITED STATES, TRANSLATIONS WERE NECESSARY. KHRUSHCHEV DOES NOT SPEAK CHINESE.

AMERICAN CORRESPONDENTS HAVE NOT BEEN ADMITTED TO RED CHINA FOR THE ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

COMMUNIST NEWS ORGANS--RADIO PEIPING, THE NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY, RADIO MOSCOW AND TASS--REPORTED ASPECTS OF THE MEETING OF THE RED GIANTS. A TASS DISPATCH ON KHRUSHCHEV'S SPEECH NOTED FREQUENT APPLAUSE. RADIO PEIPING SAID THE SPEECH WAS GREETED WITH "PROLONGED STORMY APPLAUSE."

LEADING INTO HIS ANTI-WAR THEME, KHRUSHCHEV SAID COMMUNISM INEVITABLY WILL COME OUT ON TOP IN PEACEFUL COMPETITION WITH "THE SENILE CAPITALIST SYSTEM."

IN HIS BOUNCIEST MOOD, THE SOVIET PREMIER HAILED ECONOMIC ACHIEVEMENTS IN THE SOVIET UNION AND RED CHINA AND SAID THE COMMUNIST WAY OF LIFE IS SURE TO WIN IN ANY PEACEFUL CONTEST WITH THE WEST.

"THERE IS NO STOPPING THE SWIFT DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOCIALIST (COMMUNIST) COUNTRIES AND THIS IS GIVING THE CREEPS TO THE CAPITALIST CHIEFTAINS," HE SAID.

"THEY ACKNOWLEDGE THAT THE SWIFT DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRY, AGRICULTURE AND CULTURE IN THE GREAT PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA IS HAVING A GREAT IMPACT ON THE COUNTRIES OF ASIA AND AFRICA."

"THIS EXAMPLE CAN CAUSE THE OTHER NATIONS TO EMULATE IT IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THE SAME GREAT SUCCESSSES. THE ENEMIES OF SOCIALISM WATCH IT WITH FEAR AND APPREHENSION FOR THE FATE OF CAPITALISM."

THERE WAS AN INDIRECT REFERENCE TO THE WE-WILL-BURY-YOU THEME THAT INVOLVED HIM IN CONTROVERSY AT TIMES ON HIS AMERICAN TOUR. HE TOLD THE RECEPTION OF A SPEECH IN PITTSBURGH.

"I SAID THAT WE HAVE CHALLENGED THE CAPITALIST COUNTRIES TO A PEACEFUL COMPETITION," HE RELATED. "AS HONEST PARTNERS, CONFIDENT OF OUR SUCCESS, I SAID TO MY AMERICAN LISTENERS:

"WE WARN YOU: LOOK OUT, WE SHALL INEVITABLY WIN.

"WHY ARE WE SO SURE OF THIS? BECAUSE WE FOLLOW THE RIGHT ROAD. WE ARE RIDING THE FRESH AND NEW SOCIALIST HORSE WHILE YOU ARE RIDING THE OLD CAPITALIST HORSE. THIS HORSE IS STILL CARRYING YOU, BUT IT IS ALREADY EXHAUSTED, LIMPING AND STUMBLING AND THEREFORE THE RIDER MUST BE ALERT LEST HE FALL DOWN."

"TOGETHER WITH OTHER SOCIALIST COUNTRIES," CHOU SAID, "WE SHALL TRIUMPH OVER CAPITALISM IN FRIENDLY COMPETITION."

CHOU CONGRATULATED KHRUSHCHEV ON THE SUCCESS OF HIS AMERICAN TOUR, CALLING HIM "A MISSIONARY FOR PEACE." HE THANKED THE SOVIET UNION FOR ITS "GREAT HELP AND ADVICE" IN CHANGING THE INDUSTRIAL FACE OF CHINA.

THE CHINESE PREMIER TOLD THE RUSSIAN LEADER CHINA HAD FOUND A GENERAL POLICY THAT SUITED IT IN ADOPTING THE PEASANT COMMUNES PROJECT, WHICH LUMPS MOST OF THE COUNTRY'S 500 MILLION PEASANTS INTO BIG COMMUNITIES RUN ON ARMY LINES.

THIS MAY HAVE BEEN A REPLY TO KHRUSHCHEV'S RECENT PRIVATE CRITICISMS OF THE COMMUNES, WHICH HE SAID RUSSIA HAD TRIED AND DISCARDED AS UNWORKABLE 30 YEARS AGO.

KHRUSHCHEV SAID ABOUT A BILLION PEOPLE NOW LIVE UNDER COMMUNISM. HE SEEMED AT SOME PAINS TO PLACE THE HIGHEST PRAISE ON RED CHINESE ACHIEVEMENTS---AND TO COUNT THE CHINESE IN ON EVEN SOLELY SOVIET FEATS. AT ONE STAGE HE REFERRED TO THE RUSSIAN MOON ROCKET THUS:

"IT WOULD BE IN PLACE TO RECALL HERE THAT THE SOCIALIST COUNTRIES HAVE SENT A PENNANT OF GREETINGS TO THE MOON, AND IT HAS KINDLY RECEIVED IT."

HE RATED THE VICTORY OF THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS IN 1949 AS "THE MOST OUTSTANDING EVENT IN WORLD HISTORY" SINCE THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION. AND HE PROMISED HIS LISTENERS:

"THE PEOPLES OF OUR COUNTRIES WILL LIVE BETTER WITH EVERY PASSING YEAR. THEY WILL ASTONISH THE WORLD. . . HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF OTHER PEOPLE IN CAPITALIST COUNTRIES WILL THEN SEE THAT SOCIALISM AND COMMUNISM ENSURE A BETTER LIFE AND WILL TAKE OUR ROAD." BANNERS AND FLOWERS DECKED THE WALLS OF THE RECEPTION ROOM. AT A BANQUET WHICH FOLLOWED, BANDS PLAYED. RADIO PEIPING SAID THE GUESTS CLAPPED THEIR HANDS TO THE MUSIC. REPRESENTATIVES OF 80 NATIONS WERE REPORTED CROWDED IN THE FLOODLIT HALL.

AMONG VISITORS IDENTIFIED IN PEIPING DISPATCHES WERE THE PANCHEN LAMA, THE PEIPING-APPOINTED RULER OF TIBET; GREY-BEARDED PRESIDENT HO CHI MINH OF NORTH VIET NAM AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S PRESIDENT ANTONIN NOVOTNY.

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LEAD DAY KHRUSHCHEV-CHINA

BY JOHN RODERICK

TOKYO, SEPT. 30 (AP)--NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TOLD HIS RED CHINESE HOSTS IN PEIPING TONIGHT THAT "WE MUST DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO PRECLUDE WAR AS A MEANS OF SETTLING OUTSTANDING QUESTIONS."

THE VISITING SOVIET PREMIER SPOKE AT A RECEPTION GIVEN BY CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADERS.

IT WAS THE SECOND TIME KHRUSHCHEV, FRESH FROM CONFERENCES WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, HAD SPOKEN OUT FOR EASING COLD WAR TENSIONS SINCE HIS ARRIVAL IN PEIPING EARLY IN THE DAY.

KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED AT THE AIRPORT THAT "EVERYTHING MUST BE DONE TO CLEAR THE ATMOSPHERE AND CREATE CONDITIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL FRIENDSHIP." THIS APPEARED TO BE A WARNING AGAINST ANY CHINESE ROCKING OF THE BOAT.

BEFORE THE EVENING RECEPTION, KHRUSHCHEV MET SECRETLY WITH MAO TZE-TUNG, LEADER OF RED CHINA, PRESUMABLY TO FILL HIM IN ON THE TALKS WITH EISENHOWER. PEIPING RADIO DESCRIBED THE KHRUSHCHEV-MAO MEETING AS CORDIAL AND FRIENDLY.

THE TWO GIANTS OF WORLD COMMUNISM WERE CLOSETED WITH THEIR TOP-RANKING CHINESE AND SOVIET LIEUTENANTS.

THEY INCLUDED CHINESE PRESIDENT LIU SHAO-CHI, VICE PRESIDENT CHU TEH, PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI AND SOME OTHER UNNAMED OFFICIALS. KHRUSHCHEV WAS ACCOMPANIED BY HIS FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO AND MIKHAIL SUSLOV, ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT MEN IN THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY.

RADIO PEIPING TOLD OF THE MEETING, HELD PRESUMABLY TO GIVE MAO A QUICK FILL-IN ON KHRUSHCHEV'S TALKS WITH EISENHOWER. IT DESCRIBED ~~THE~~ AS HELD "IN A FRIENDLY MANNER."

TOGETHER MAO AND KHRUSHCHEV RULE 850 MILLION HUMAN BEINGS.

AT A RECEPTION GIVEN BY CHINESE BIG-WIGS TO THE RUSSIANS, IN PEIPING FOR RED CHINA'S 10TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS TOMORROW, CHOU HAILED KHRUSHCHEV AS "A MISSIONARY OF PEACE" TO THE UNITED STATES. COMMUNIST CHINA WHOLLY APPROVES THE FINAL COMMUNIQUE ISSUED BY KHRUSHCHEV AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, CHOU SAID.

THE INDEFATIGABLE SOVIET PREMIER--WHO REACHED PEIPING LESS THAN 48 HOURS AFTER QUITTING THE CAMP DAVID CONFERENCES WITH EISENHOWER--REPEATED IN THE STRONGEST KIND OF LANGUAGE IN HIS AIRPORT SPEECH THAT THE SOVIET UNION IS REALLY WILLING TO CREATE THE CONDITIONS OF SECURITY FOR ALL NATIONS.

HOWEVER, EVEN WHILE KHRUSHCHEV CALLED FOR INTERNATIONAL FRIENDSHIP AND DISARMAMENT, THE OFFICIAL PEIPING PEOPLE'S DAILY PRINTED A BOAST BY MARSHAL LIN PIAO, NEWLY NAMED DEFENSE MINISTER, OF RED CHINA'S MILITARY POWER.

"WE HAVE, IN ADDITION TO A POLITICALLY FORMIDABLE AND TECHNICALLY MODERN STANDING ARMY, BUILT UP A MILITIA FORCE OF SEVERAL HUNDRED MILLION PEOPLE," LIN SAID.

"THE ENTIRE POPULATION MAY BE TURNED INTO A MILITARY FORCE WHENEVER IMPERIALISM DARES TO ATTACK CHINA."

THE MAN WHO LED CHINESE VOLUNTEERS AGAINST GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR'S TROOPS IN KOREA SAID THE KOREAN WAR EXPOSED THE UNITED STATES BEFORE THE WORLD AS "A PAPER TIGER."

IN HIS AIRPORT SPEECH KHRUSHCHEV SAID: "WE MUST DO EVERYTHING IN ORDER TO EASE THE SITUATION AND TO CREATE CONDITIONS FOR FRIENDLINESS BETWEEN ALL NATIONS . . . WE MUST MAKE ALL EFFORTS TO CREATE CONDITIONS FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF WORLD PEACE."

AT THE RECEPTION, HELD IN THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY'S BANQUET HALL, KHRUSHCHEV CONGRATULATED THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS ON THEIR ACCOMPLISHMENTS.

"THERE IS NO STOPPING THE SWIFT DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOCIALIST (COMMUNIST) COUNTRIES," HE SAID, "AND THIS IS GIVING THE CREEPS TO THE CAPITALIST CHIEFTAINS."

CHINA'S EXAMPLE IS HAVING A GREAT IMPACT ON THE COUNTRIES OF ASIA AND AFRICA, HE SAID.

"IN ONE OF MY SPEECHES IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN A LARGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER, PITTSBURGH," KHRUSHCHEV RELATED, "I SAID THAT WE HAVE CHALLENGED THE CAPITALIST COUNTRIES TO A PEACEFUL

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COMPETITION. AS HONEST PARTNERS, CONFIDENT OF OUR SUCCESS, I SAID TO MY AMERICAN LISTENERS: 'WE WARN YOU. LOOK OUT, WE SHALL INEVITABLY WIN. WHY ARE WE SO SURE OF THIS? BECAUSE WE FOLLOW THE RIGHT ROAD, WE ARE RIDING THE FRESH AND NEW SOCIALIST HORSE WHILE YOU ARE RIDING THE OLD CAPITALIST HORSE. THIS HORSE IS STILL CARRYING YOU, BUT IT IS ALREADY EXHAUSTED, LIMPING AND STUMBLING AND THEREFORE THE RIDER MUST BE ALERT LEST HE FALL DOWN.'

HE HAD EMPHASIZED THE NEED FOR RELAXATION OF TENSION IN HIS AIRPORT SPEECH.

DELIVERED AGAINST THE BACKGROUND OF PEIPING'S CRUSHING OF THE TIBET REBELLION, ITS BORDER DISPUTE WITH INDIA AND THE RED REVOLT IN LAOS, THE PLANSIDE TALK SOUNDED LIKE A POINTED SUGGESTION TO MAO TO KEEP THE PEACE IN ASIA.

KHRUSHCHEV'S BIG TU114 TURBOPROP AIRLINER LANDED IN PEIPING LESS THAN 48 HOURS AFTER HIS RETURN FROM WASHINGTON. HE SAID HE HAD LITERALLY "TRANSFERRED FROM AIRPLANE TO AIRPLANE."

PEIPING RADIO SAID THE SOVIET PREMIER GOT A ROUSING WELCOME FROM COMMUNIST CHINA'S TOP OFFICIALS, BANDS, A GUARD OF HONOR AND YOUTH DELEGATIONS WHO PRESENTED HIM WITH BOUQUETS OF FLOWERS.

IN CONTRAST WITH THE CROWDS THAT GREETED KHRUSHCHEV IN THE UNITED STATES, THERE WERE ONLY A FEW PERSONS ALONG THE 12-MILE ROUTE FROM THE AIRPORT TO THE CITY. KHRUSHCHEV AND THE CHINESE LEADERS DROVE AWAY FROM THE AIRPORT IN CARS WITH CURTAINED WINDOWS, AND THE ARRIVAL HAD NOT BEEN WIDELY PUBLICIZED.

KHRUSHCHEV TOUCHED IN HIS SPEECH ON HIS PROPOSALS IN THE UNITED NATIONS FOR TOTAL DISARMAMENT.

A NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY DISPATCH SAID HE DECLARED THE SOVIET UNION IS READY TO CREATE THE CONDITIONS OF SECURITY FOR ALL NATIONS. REPORTING WITHOUT DIRECT QUOTATIONS, THE AGENCY ADDED:

"N.S. KHRUSHCHEV SAID THAT IF THEY (THE SOVIET PROPOSALS) WERE RESPONDED TO, UNDERSTOOD AND SUPPORTED BY ALL THE COUNTRIES, THEY COULD BRING ABOUT RADICAL CHANGES IN THE RELATIONSHIPS AMONG PEOPLES...

"THEN NO ONE WOULD FEEL UNEASY, NEITHER THE SMALL NOR THE BIG NATIONS, OR FEEL THAT THEY WOULD BE SUBJECT TO ATTACK, FOR THEN NO STATES WOULD HAVE THE MEANS OF AGGRESSION...THIS WOULD BE THE CONCRETE GUARANTEE OF PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE."

KHRUSHCHEV DESCRIBED HIS VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES AND HIS TALKS WITH EISENHOWER AS VALUABLE.

"IN THESE TALKS," HE SAID, "WE FRANKLY DISCUSSED BIG PROBLEMS AND TRIED TO CREATE AN ATMOSPHERE FOR COOPERATION AND PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE, THEREBY CONTRIBUTING TO CONSOLIDATION OF WORLD PEACE."

THE SOVIET LEADER PRAISED HIS CHINESE ALLIES' INDUSTRIAL AND REVOLUTIONARY PROGRESS.

HE RECALLED THAT WHILE IN THE UNITED STATES HE HAD URGED THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO OUST WHAT HE CALLED "THE REACTIONARY CHINESE GROUP OF THE CHIANG KAI-SHEK CLIQUE."

"THE GREAT SOCIALIST COUNTRY OF CHINA MUST HOLD ITS LEGITIMATE SEAT IN THE UNITED NATIONS," KHRUSHCHEV DECLARES. "AND THIS WILL BE MATERIALIZED, WHATEVER RESISTANCE REACTIONARY ELEMENTS MAY OFFER."

KHRUSHCHEV'S ARRIVAL BROUGHT THE FINAL TOUCH OF PRESTIGE TO FESTIVITIES WHICH HAVE BEEN GOING ON FOR A WEEK. THEY CELEBRATE THE 1949 CONQUEST OF THE WORLD'S MOST POPULOUS NATION, WHICH THE SOVIET LEADER DESCRIBED AS THE MOST IMPORTANT EVENT IN THE HISTORY OF MANKIND SINCE THE 1917 SOVIET REVOLUTION.

TOMORROW KHRUSHCHEV AND MAO WILL REVIEW A VAST PARADE FROM THE TOWERING, 500-YEAR-OLD "GATE OF HEAVENLY PEACE," ONE OF THE MAIN

GATES OF THE OLD IMPERIAL FORBIDDEN CITY.

BUT BEFORE AND AFTER THE PUBLIC CEREMONIES, THE TWO TOP MEN OF THE COMMUNIST WORLD WILL JOIN IN SECRET CONVERSATIONS CENTERING AROUND KHRUSHCHEV'S FIRST VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES.

ORIGINALLY COOL TO THE TRIP, THE CHINESE HAVE REACTED WITH ENTHUSIASM SINCE ITS CONCLUSION. BUT THEIR COMMENTS HAVE BEEN SALTED WITH WARNINGS THAT OPPOSITION STILL EXISTS IN AMERICA TO A BREAK IN THE COLD WAR.

ONE OF THE ITMES KHRUSHCHEV AND MAO MAY DISCUSS IS THE FIVE AMERICANS STILL HELD PRISONER BY THE CHINESE. EISENHOWER MADE A PERSONAL PLEA FOR KHRUSHCHEV'S INTERVENTION ON THEIR BEHALF. IF

PEIPING RESPONDED, IT WOULD BE A CONCRETE INDICATION THAT MAO HAD BOWED TO KHRUSHCHEV'S EXPECTED APPEAL FOR A GESTURE TO LESSEN TENSIONS IN ASIA.

ON FORMOSA, MEANWHILE, A STATEMENT ISSUED IN THE NAME OF MORE THAN 160,000 MAINLAND CHINESE WHO DESERTED TO FORMOSA AFTER 1949 SAID THE OCT. 1 ANNIVERSARY OF THE COMMUNIST REGIME WAS "THE BLACKEST DAY OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE AND ONE OF THE DARKEST DAYS IN HUMAN HISTORY."

THE STATEMENT CONDEMNED THE PEIPING GOVERNMENT AS A "MURDERING, PLUNDERING, GANGSTER GROUP" AND PREDICTED THE DOWNFALL OF THE COMMUNISTS.

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WITH TOKYO CHINA A116

CAIRO, SEPT. 30 -(O-)HUSSEIN ZULFICAR SABRY, ACTING FOREIGN MINISTER, CALLED IN RED CHINA'S AMBASSADOR TODAY, REPORTEDLY TO PROTEST AN ATTACK ON THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC BY SYRIAN COMMUNIST LEADER KHALDE BAKDASH IN PEIPING SUNDAY.

THE MIDDLE EAST NEWS AGENCY ANNOUNCED THE AMBASSADOR, CHEN CHIA-KANG, WAS SUMMONED BECAUSE OF THE "BEHAVIOR OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT IN ALLOWING KHALED BAKDASH TO ATTACK THE U.A.R. DURING CELEBRATIONS OF THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE CHINESE REVOLUTION IN PEIPING."

U.A.R. DIPLOMATS WALKED OUT WHEN BAKDASH SPOKE. HE DECLARED THAT SYRIA, A PART OF THE U.A.R., IS RULED BY EGYPTIAN BOURGEOISE AND BRITISH-AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS.

THE INCIDENT PLUNGED U.A.R.-RED CHINA RELATIONS TO A NEW LOW. CAIRO MORNING PAPERS CARRIED RED BANNER HEADLINES REPORTING "CRISIS WITH CHINA."

THE INCIDENT APPEARS TO BE BRINGING TO A HEAD MONTHS OF SMOLDERING EGYPTIAN RESENTMENT AGAINST THE RED CHINESE.

THE RED CHINESE LED A COMMUNIST BLOC DRIVE TO WIN THE FRIENDSHIP OF PRESIDENT NASSER IN 1955. BUT IN THE PAST YEAR, U.A.R. LEADERS REPORTEDLY HAVE COME TO REGARD THE RED CHINESE AS A GREATER THREAT THAN THE RUSSIANS IN PROMOTING SUBVERSIVE COMMUNIST ACTIVITY IN THE ARAB WORLD.

THE TURNING POINT CAME IN IRAQ, WHERE THE RED CHINESE ARE REPORTED TO HAVE GIVEN FULL SUPPORT TO IRAQI COMMUNISTS IN AN ANTI-NASSER CAMPAIGN.

MOSCOW, BY CONTRAST, APPEARS TO FAVOR A GO-SLOW POLICY IN IRAQ.

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WITH TOKY KHRUSHCHV (130)
MOSCOW, SEPT. 30 (AP)-PRAVDA AND IZVESTIA TODAY HEAPED PRAISE ON PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IN OCTOBER PAGE EDITORIALS. FRONT
"PEOPLE OF GOOD WILL EXPECT THAT THE STATESMANSHIP AND WISDOM SHOWN BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IN JUDGING THE PRESENT WORLD SITUATION WILL SERVE AS A POSITIVE EXAMPLE FOR OTHER WESTERN STATESMEN," SAID PRAVDA, THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER. IZVESTIA, THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER, SAID EISENHOWER HAD DISPLAYED "COURAGE AND WILL" DESPITE "THE COMPLICATED SITUATION PREVAILING IN THE UNITED STATES" TO PROPOSE THE EXCHANGE VISITS WITH PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV.. THE EDITORIAL SIAD THE SOVIET UNION GRIPPED EISENHOWER'S "OUTSTRETCHED HAND."

BOTH PAPERS GAVE FRONT PAGE PLAY TO EISENHOWER'S LETTER TO KHRUSHCHEV ACKNOWLEDGING HIS PLEASURE THAT THE SOVIET LEADER BELIEVES "OUR TALKS MAY BE AT LEAST A SMALL STEP TOWARDS THE DEVELOPMENT OF MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING." JE 1154P

B93 (Q)

MOSCOW, SEPT. 30 (AP)-ALEXEI TOPICHEV, VICE PRESIDENT OF THE SOVIET ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, TODAY SAID SOVIET SCIENTISTS EXPECT PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S U.S. VISIT TO INTENSIFY THE EXCHANGE OF SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES.

TOPICHEV SAID IN A PRAVDA ARTICLE HE EXPECTS "JOINT RESEARCH WITH AMERICAN SCIENTISTS IN MANY FIELDS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNIQUES, ESPECIALLY IN MEDICINE."

THE QUESTION OF INCREASED CULTURAL EXCHANGES WITH THE UNITED STATES WAS HIGH ON THE AGENDA OF KHRUSHCHEV'S DISCUSSIONS WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

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(170) KHRUSHCHEV COST
WASHINGTON, SEPT. 30 (AP)-THE BILL FOR NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S 13-DAY AMERICAN VISIT: ABOUT \$150,000. WHO PAYS? JOHN Q. TAXPAYER. THE FIGURES AREN'T COMPLETELY ADDED UP YET, BUT OFFICIALS RESPONSIBLE FOR SUCH THINGS ARE SURE THE SOVIET PREMIER'S STATE VISIT WAS T COSTLIEST YET.

THE USUAL STATE VISIT, COMPLETE WITH NATIONWIDE TOUR, COSTS THE GOVERNMENT WELL UNDER \$100,000.

BUT KHRUSHCHEV'S TREK SET A NUMBER OF RECORDS. HIS PARTY INCLUDED 71 PERSONS, LARGER THAN AVERAGE. HE WAS PROTECTED BY THE MOST ELABOR SECURITY FORCES EVER PROVIDED A FOREIGN GUEST IN THIS COUNTRY. THEY INCLUDED FEDERAL MEN, MILITARY UNITS AND STATE AND LOCAL POLICE.

THE GOVERNMENT PAID EXPENSES TOO FOR ABOUT 40 AMERICANS WHO TRAVEL WITH THE PARTY OR AHEAD OF IT TO SMOOTH THE WAY. CITIES AND PRIVATE GROUPS PAID THE TAB FOR SOME OF THE DINNERS AND CEREMONIES.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT DECLINED TO FURNISH ANY COST FIGURES DURING THE TOUR, ON THE GROUND THAT YOU DON'T INVITE A GUEST TO A BANQUET AND THEN TELL HIM WHAT IT IS COSTING YOU.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER CAN EXPECT EQUALLY LAVISH TREATMENT WHEN HE VISITS RUSSIA NEXT SPRING.

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(240) K-HELICOPTER
WASHINGTON, SEPT. 30 (AP)-UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON SAID TODAY THERE'S NO REASON WHY NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV CAN'T GO AHEAD AND ORDER A HELICOPTER FROM AN AMERICAN COMPANY IF HE WANTS ONE. DILLON LEFT IT UP TO THE SOVIET PREMIER AND HIS GOVERNMENT TO PUT IN A BID FOR A "CHOPPER" WHICH INTRIGUED KHRUSHCHEV DURING HIS VISIT TO THIS COUNTRY.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, HOW TOOK HIS KREMLIN GUEST FOR SEVERAL RIDES IN PRESIDENTIAL HELICOPTERS, REPORTED ON MONDAY THAT KHRUSHCHEV ANNOUNCED HE WAS INTERESTED IN BUYING ONE AND WOULD ASK DILLON TO BE HIS PURCHASING REPRESENTATIVE.

DILLON CHUCKLED WHEN ASKED ABOUT THIS AT A NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY. HE SAID HIS APPOINTMENT WAS UNOFFICIAL, BUT THAT HE WOULD BE GLAD TO PUT THE RUSSIANS IN TOUCH WITH A HELICOPTER MANUFACTURER. THERE IS NO U. S. BAN AGAINST THE SALE OF COMMERCIAL-TYPE HELICOPTERS TO THE SOVIET UNION AND THEY CAN PUT IN ORDERS FOR THEM IF THEY WANT TO, HE SAID.

AN OFFICIAL OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORP. SIKORSKY AIRCRAFT DIVISION, PRODUCER OF THE TYPE OF HELICOPTER THE PRESIDENT USES, SAID HE KNOWS OF NO ORDER FROM THE SOVIET UNION SO FAR. "IF THE PRESIDENT WANTS US TO SELL ONE, WE WILL," HE ADDED.

THE PRESIDENT DRAWS ON MARINE AND ARMY HELICOPTERS FOR HIS FLIGHTS ABOUT THE WASHINGTON AREA. THE SIKORSKY S58'S CAN CARRY NINE PASSENGERS PLUS PILOT AND CO-PILOT, CRUISE AT MORE THAN 100 MILES AN HOUR AND COST ABOUT \$300,000. THE MILITARY VERSION IS SIMILAR TO THE COMMERCIAL MODEL.

ER150PED

A65

NIGHT LEAD LAOS (180)
VIENTIANE, LAOS, SEPT. 30 (AP)-THE RECAPTURE OF STRONG REBEL POSITIONS IN NORTHERN LAOS NEAR THE BORDER OF RED NORTH VIET NAM WAS REPORTED OFFICIALLY TODAY. A U.N. FACT-FINDING COMMITTEE WILL VISIT THE AREA TOMORROW.

A DEFENSE MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID LAOTIAN TROOPS HAVE RECAPTURED ALL THE NAM MA VALLEY. IT RUNS PARALLEL TO THE WINDING NORTH VIETNAMESE BORDER AND HAS BEEN A STAGING AREA FOR REBELS IN NORTHERN SAM NEUA PROVINCE. REBELS, ALLEGEDLY SUPPORTED BY NORTH VIETNAMESE REGULARS, TOOK THE VALLEY IN THE BIGGEST OFFENSIVE OF THE 10-WEEK-OLD WAR AUG. 30. A MILITARY COMMUNIQUE SAID SIX PATHET LAO INSURGENTS WERE KILLED IN FIGHTING IN THE NORTH.

THE KEY POSITION OF MUONG SON, AT THE FOOT OF THE VALLEY, STILL WAS UNDERGOING REBEL HARASSING ATTACKS, HOWEVER. MINOR REBEL ACTIVITY ALSO WAS REPORTED IN SOUTHERN LAOS.

THE U.N. SUBCOMMITTEE WILL LEAVE TOMORROW BY PLANE FOR SAM NEUA TO INVESTIGATE THE LAOTIAN CHARGES OF AGGRESSION BY NORTH VIET NAM. IT WILL VISIT MUONG HET AND XIEN KHO IN THE NAM MA VALLEY, WHOSE CAPTURE WAS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

MOST NEWSMEN HERE WILL BE UNABLE TO ACCOMPANY THE U.N. DELEGATION. THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT HAS LIFTED TEMPORARILY A BAN ON TRAVEL TO THE NORTHERN PROVINCES, BUT HAS REFUSED TRANSPORT FACILITIES TO NEWSMEN.

QR646PED

A80

BY GENE-GEORGES INAGAKI (190)
VIENTIANE, LAOS, SEPT. 30 (AP)-SKIRMISHES WITH PRO-COMMUNIST REBEL FORCES AND A MAJOR ADVANCE BY LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT TROOPS WERE REPORTED TODAY AS THE U.N. FACT FINDING COMMITTEE PREPARED FOR A TWO-DAY INSPECTION TRIP IN THE JUNGLED MOUNTAINS OF NORTH LAOS.

A MILITARY COMMUNIQUE SAID SIX PATHET LAO REBELS KILLED IN THE PAST FEW DAYS OF FIGHTING IN THE NORTH.

A DEFENSE MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID GOVERNMENT TROOPS HAD RECAPTURED ALMOST ALL THE NAM MA VALLEY, PARALLEL AND CLOSE TO THE TWISTING BORDER OF COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM.

THE U.N. COMMITTEE IS SCHEDULED TO LEAVE TOMORROW MORNING BY PLANE FOR GOVERNMENT MILITARY HEADQUARTERS AT SAM NEUA TO INVESTIGATE THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT'S CHARGES THAT NORTH VIETNAMESE FORCES ARE AIDING THE LAOTIAN REBELS. THEY PLAN TO RETURN TO VIENTIANE FRIDAY.

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID THE U.N. GROUP WOULD ALSO FLY IN SMALL PLANES TO TINY, MUDDY AIRSTRIPS AT MUONG HET AND XIEN KHO, SOME FIVE MILES FROM THE COMMUNIST FRONTIER IN THE NEWLY RETAKEN NAM MA VALLEY.

THREE U.S. CONGRESSMEN ARRIVED IN VIENTIANE TODAY FOR A ONE-DAY BRIEFING ON THE PRO-COMMUNIST REBELLION AND THE AMERICAN AID PROGRAM. THE THREE ARE HUGH ALEXANDER (D-NC), JOHN J. RHODES (R-ARIZ) AND J. VAUGHAN GARY (D-VA). THEY LEAVE FOR BANGKOK LATE TODAY.
BJ714AED

A80

WITH VIENTIANE (140)
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 30 (AP)-LAOS TODAY LAID BEFORE THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN GREATER DETAIL ITS CHARGES OF AGGRESSION AGAINST COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM.
"WE KNOW THAT NORTH VIET NAM ASSISTED AND PARTICIPATED IN RAIDS AGAINST POSTS OF THE LAOTIAN ARMY... IN BROAD DAYLIGHT," FOREIGN MINISTER KHAMPHAN PANYA OF LAOS TOLD THE 82-NATION GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

IT WAS THE FIRST DOCUMENTATION OF LAOTIAN CHARGES PUT PUBLICLY BEFORE THE U.N. THE SECURITY COUNCIL HAS SENT A SUBCOMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE SITUATION IN THE SOUTHEAST ASIAN KINGDOM.

THE LAOTIAN FOREIGN MINISTER DENIED COMMUNIST CHARGES THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS DESIGNS ON LAOS AND STARTED THE CONFLICT.
"AMERICAN AID TO LAOS HAS A PEACEFUL AIM," HE SAID.

PANYA CITED AUG. 30 RAIDS ON MUONG HET AND XIENKHO AND SAID THE NORTH VIETNAMESE SUPPLIED AND JOINED IN THEM. HE CITED PROPAGANDA AID FROM HANOI RADIO IN THE NORTH VIETNAMESE CAPITAL AS A BASIS FOR HIS CHARGE THAT THE COMMUNISTS HAD STIRRED UP THE TROUBLES IN LAOS.
JB741PED

B117 (Q) (130)

VIENTIANE, LAOS, SEPT. 30 (AP)-A THREE MAN U.S. HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE AFTER A SEVEN HOUR VISIT TO LAOS SAID IT WAS "DELIGHTED AT THE PROGRESS MADE IN CORRECTING CONDITIONS THAT PREVIOUSLY EXISTED."

THE SUBCOMMITTEE OF REPS. J. VAUGHAN GARY (D-VA), HUGH ALEXANDER (D-NC) AND JOHN J. RHODES (R-ARIZ), RETURNED TO BANGKOK AFTER A ONE-DAY VISIT.

GARY, SPEAKING FOR THE GROUP, TOLD NEWSMEN BEFORE DEPARTURE: "THIS IS A NEW NATION AND FOR A WHILE IT WENT THROUGH GROWING PAINS. THE GOVERNMENT HAS STABILIZED CURRENCY AND WE HAVE IMPROVED THE AID PROGRAM.

"WE WERE DELIGHTED AT THE PROGRESS MADE IN CORRECTING SOME OF THE CONDITIONS THAT PREVIOUSLY EXISTED."
HE DID NOT ELABORATE BUT THERE HAVE BEEN FREQUENT COMPLAINTS THAT U.S. AID TO LAOS WAS BEING WASTED.

P120PED

A83

(230)
NEW DELHI, SEPT. 30 (AP)-AN INDIAN GARRISON WAS REPORTED TODAY TO HAVE WITHDRAWN FROM AN OUTPOST ALONG THE DISPUTED BORDER WITH CHINESE TIBET.

THE TIMES OF INDIA SAID THE TROOPS ABANDONED TAMADEM, A FEW MILES EAST OF LONGJU OUTPOST, FROM WHICH THE CHINESE FORCED THE INDIANS AFTER A GUN BATTLE A MONTH AGO.

A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID HE COULD NOT CONFIRM OR DENY THE REPORT. TAMADEM IS IN AN AREA OF RUGGED MOUNTAINS WHERE INDIA'S NORTHEAST FRONTIER WITH TIBET AND CHINA IS NOT CLEARLY DEMARCATED. INDIA TOLD PEIPING ON JUNE 26 THAT "TAMADEM IS LOCALLY RECOGNIZED AS THE LIMIT OF INDIAN TERRITORY." THE CHINESE REPLIED SEPT. 2 THAT IT WAS NORTH OF THE BMRDER.

30.24-8845

THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT THEN SAID SEPT. 9 IT WAS RE-EXAMINING THE BORDER ALIGNMENT AND "IF TAMADEM WAS FOUND NOT TO BE WITHIN INDIAN TERRITORY, THE INDIAN POST WILL BE WITHDRAWN FROM THERE."

PRIME MINISTER NEHRU HAS SAID REPEATEDLY HE IS WILLING TO NEGOTIATE MINOR DISPUTES ON WHERE THE LINE LIES AND WILL GIVE UP A FEW MILES HERE AND IF INDIAN OUTPOSTS ARE TOO FAR NORTH. BUT HE HAS REJECTED A CHINESE CLAIM THAT THE BORDER KNOWN AS THE MCMAHON LINE IS NOT THE RIGHTFUL BORDER.

THE CHINESE CONTEND THE BORDER SHOULD BE ABOUT 100 MILES SOUTH, GIVING THEM 32,000 SQUARE MILES IN THAT AREA OF NORTHEAST INDIA.
R1723AFD

A62

NEW DELHI, INDIA, THURSDAY, OCT. 1 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU SENT A MESSAGE TO COMMUNIST CHINA TODAY EXPRESSING HOPE THAT "THE FRIENDLY RELATIONS BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES WILL GROW STRONGER IN THE YEARS TO COME."

NEHRU'S HOPE WAS EXPRESSED IN A BRIEF MESSAGE TO PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI ON THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOUNDING OF THE COMMUNIST STATE. ALTHOUGH CHINA AND INDIA ARE INVOLVED IN A BORDER DISPUTE, THE MESSAGE WAS SENT ANYWAY, AS HAS BEEN THE CUSTOM FOR SEVERAL YEARS.
JE630PED

(Q) (230)

OTTAWA, SEPT. 30 (AP)-PLANS USE AN ATOMIC BOMB TO HELP PRODUCE OIL FROM ALBERTA'S ATHABASCA OIL SANDS NEXT YEAR HAVE BEEN CALLED OFF, MINES MINISTER PAUL COMTOIS SAID TODAY.

THE REASON GIVEN IS A WARNING OF THE COLD WAR FOLLOWING SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S U.S. VISIT. RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS, EVEN FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES, IS CONSIDERED UNLIKELY AT LEAST FOR SOME TIME.

"I DON'T THINK THERE IS A POSSIBILITY OF A BLAST TAKING PLACE IN THE NEAR FUTURE," COMTOIS SAID.

ASKED WHETHER RELAXATION OF INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS IS THE REASON, COMTOIS REPLIED: "THAT IS MY IMPRESSION."

HOWEVER, DR. JOHN CONVEY, DIRECTOR OF THE FEDERAL MINES BRANCH, SAID THAT IF AN INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT IS REACHED TO BAN NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS, AN EXCEPTION MIGHT BE MADE FOR UNDERGROUND BLASTS SUCH AS HAD BEEN PLANNED FOR THE ATHABASCA OIL SANDS.

HE SAID THAT WHEN A COMMITTEE HE HEADS ON THE FEASIBILITY OF THE EXPLOSION COMPLETED ITS STUDY TWO MONTHS AGO, IT HAD NOT FOUND ANY REASONS WHY THE EXPLOSIONS SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED.

LOCATED 175 MILES NORTHEAST OF EDMONTON, THE 17,000-ACRE FIELD IS BELIEVED TO CONTAIN 300 BILLION BARRELS OF RETRIEVABLE OIL. SO FAR, NO METHOD HAS BEEN FOUND TO SEPARATE THE OIL ECONOMICALLY FROM THE STICKY SANDS. THE TERRIFIC HEAT FROM AN UNDERGROUND ATOMIC BOMB BLAST PRESUMABLY WOULD SET THE OIL TO FLOWING.

RICHFIELD OIL CORP., OF LOS ANGELES HAD PLANNED TO SET OFF THE BLAST NEXT FEBRUARY OR MARCH. THE TEST BLAST WOULD HAVE COST \$1,500,000. SINCE THE TEST WAS CALLED OFF, RICHFIELD QUIT DRILLING AND CANCELED PLANS TO BUILD A ROAD INTO THE OIL AREA.

FD213PED

1959

B61 (Q)
(170)

LONDON, SEPT. 30 (AP)--THE DIRECT ACTION COMMITTEE AGAINST NUCLEAR WAR TODAY ANNOUNCED PLANS TO SEND AN INTERNATIONAL PROTEST TEAM INTO THE SAHARA DESERT AREA WHERE FRANCE PLANS TO TEST ITS FIRST ATOMIC BOMB SOON.

THE COMMITTEE NAMED FIVE MEMBERS OF THE TEAM: ESTHER PETERS, FRENCH; HEMLATA DEVI-HAKANNSON, INDIAN; AND FRANCIS HOYLAND, MICHAEL RANDLE AND THE REV. MICHAEL SCOTT, ALL BRITISH.

THE COMMITTEE SAID THERE MAY ALSO BE AN AMERICAN MEMBER, AND IT IS HOPING FOR SEVERAL AFRICAN VOLUNTEERS.

THE TEAM PLANS TO SET OUT FROM GHANA ABOUT OCT. 20. IT HOPES TO COVER THE 2,000 MILES FROM ACCRA TO THE EL HAMMOUDIA TEST SITE IN NINE DAYS IN TRUCKS. THE DEMONSTRATORS PLAN TO BYPASS BORDER CHECKPOINTS AND CUSTOMS IF REFUSED VISAS FOR FRENCH TERRITORY.

THE TEAM WILL TRY TO PERSUADE WORKMEN, TECHNICIANS AND MILITARY PERSONNEL TO HALT PREPARATIONS FOR THE TESTS. IF UNSUCCESSFUL, THE TEAM PLANS TO TRY TO REMAIN IN THE TEST AREA.

SPONSORS OF THE COMMITTEE INCLUDE SUCH WELL KNOWN FIGURES AS PLAYWRIGHT JOHN OSBORNE AND WRITER PHILIP TOYNBEE.

LM925AED

A105

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, SEPT. 30 (AP)--COMMUNISTS FAILED AGAIN TODAY TO GET RED CHINA INTO THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY (IAEA).

THE PROGRAM AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE VOTED 31-16 AGAINST A POLISH RESOLUTION TO INVITE GOVERNMENTS AND SCIENTIFIC ORGANIZATIONS OF NON-MEMBER COUNTRIES, INCLUDING RED CHINA, TO TAKE PART IN ITS CONFERENCES. SEVEN DELEGATES ABSTAINED.

A SOVIET-SPONSORED BID TO MAKE RED CHINA A FULL-FLEDGED MEMBER OF THE ATOMS-FOR-PEACE AGENCY WAS TURNED DOWN BY THE IAEA GENERAL CONFERENCE LAST WEEK.

WW853PED

A20UN (BJT)
AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD U.N. (480)

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 30 (AP)--FRANCE DECLARED TODAY IT IS NOW UP TO THE ALGERIANS THEMSELVES TO CHOOSE THEIR OWN POLITICAL DESTINY AND THE UNITED NATIONS SHOULD KEEP HANDS OFF.

MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE, THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER, TOLD THE 82-NATION GENERAL ASSEMBLY THE ALGERIANS HAD ALREADY DEMONSTRATED THEY WERE PLACING THEIR TRUST FOR THE FUTURE IN GEN. CHARLES DE GAULLE.

BUT OUTSIDE THE ASSEMBLY ASIAN AND AFRICAN DIPLOMATS EXPRESSED DISAPPOINTMENT THAT THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MADE NO MENTION OF NEGOTIATIONS WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE ALGERIAN REBEL GOVERNMENT.

THE ASIAN-AFRICAN GROUP WAS EXPECTED TO PRESS FOR A U.N. RESOLUTION URGING FRANCE TO ENTER SUCH NEGOTIATIONS. THE PROVISIONAL ALGERIAN GOVERNMENT BASED IN TUNIS HAS OFFERED TO HOLD TALKS ON THE BASIS OF DE GAULLE'S RECENT PROPOSALS.

THE ALGERIAN ISSUE IS BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY FOR THE FIFTH SUCCESSIVE YEAR. DETAILED DEBATE WILL TAKE PLACE LATER IN THE ASSEMBLY'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

IN WHAT APPEARED TO BE A SLAP AT THE ALGERIAN REBEL GOVERNMENT COUVE DE MURVILLE DECLARED:

"WE SAY NO ONE HAS THE RIGHT TO IMPOSE ON ALGERIA THE REGIME THAT IS TO BE ITS OWN. THIS REGIME CAN RESULT ONLY FROM THE WILL, FREELY EXPRESSED, OF THE ALGERIANS THEMSELVES. COMBATS, VIOLENCE AND TERROR ARE NOT THE MEANS OF REACHING A SOLUTION."

HE SAID THE ALGERIANS' PARTICIPATION IN A CONSTITUTIONAL REFERENDUM ON SEPT. 28, 1958, CONSTITUTED EVIDENCE THAT THEY INTENDED "THEIR FUTURE TO BE MADE WITH FRANCE. AND--WHY NOT--SAY SO--THAT TO THIS END,

THEY WERE PLACING THEIR TRUST IN GEN. DE GAULLE."

HE OUTLINED TO THE ASSEMBLY THE DE GAULLE PLAN UNDER WHICH THE ALGERIANS COULD DECIDE AT THE BALLOT BOX THEIR OWN POLITICAL FUTURE, ONCE PEACE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED IN ALGERIA FOR AT LEAST FOUR YEARS.

HE PROMISED THAT FRANCE WOULD GUARANTEE THE HONESTY AND VALIDITY OF SUCH A VOTE. HE SAID ANYONE COULD COME INTO ALGERIA TO WITNESS THE VOTING.

"THE WAY IS CLEAR, HONEST AND UNEQUIVOCAL," HE ASSERTED. "IT IS THE ONLY ONE THAT CAN PUT AN END, WITHIN A SHORT SPACE OF TIME, TO A TRAGEDY THAT HAS LASTED ONLY TOO LONG."

HE SAID THOSE WHO OPPOSED FRANCE'S STAND IN THE U.N. ON ALGERIA WERE "ACTUATED BY INTENTIONS WHICH DOUBTLESS WERE SOMETIMES GENEROUS, BUT, I THINK, ILL ADVISED."

HE DECLARED INTERVENTION BY THE U.N. IN THE PAST ONLY AGGRAVATED THE ALGERIAN PROBLEM...AS TO THE SITUATION NOW CONFRONTING THE ASSEMBLY, HE ADDED:

"IT IS NOT INCUMBENT ON IT TO TAKE, ON BEHALF OF ONE OF ITS MEMBERS, DECISIONS FOR WHICH THE LATTER ALONE IS RESPONSIBLE."

"NOW THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT NOT MERELY RECOGNIZES, BUT PROCLAIMS WHEN IT SOLEMNLY DECIDES ON RECOURSE TO SELF-DETERMINATION--THAT IT IS UP TO THE ALGERIANS THEMSELVES TO CHOOSE THEIR OWN DESTINY. THEY WILL DO SO IN ALL FREEDOM AND FULL KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACTS."

ON THE ISSUE OF NUCLEAR TESTS, HE SAID FRANCE WOULD NOT ENTER INTO ANY AGREEMENT BANNING TESTS UNLESS THE AGREEMENT WERE PART OF A DISARMAMENT PROGRAM CALLING FOR DESTRUCTION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILES.

HE PROMISED THAT FRANCE WOULD "ABSOLUTELY ELIMINATE ALL RISKS" TO AFRICAN COUNTRIES IN ANY ATOMIC TESTS THAT MIGHT BE CARRIED OUT IN THE SAHARA.

HE SAID FRANCE WOULD ENTER INTO ANY NEGOTIATIONS AIMED AT A SETTLEMENT OF THE GERMAN PROBLEM, INCLUDING BERLIN. BUT HE NOTED THAT THE POSITIONS OF THE SOVIET UNION AND THE WESTERN POWERS WERE STILL FAR APART.

FV318PED

A144

95

ADVANCE FOR RELEASE EXPECTED ABOUT 10:30 A.M. EST
FIRST LEAD U.N.

BY MAX HARRELSON

(ADVANCE) UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 30 (AP)--FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE DECLARED TODAY PRESIDENT DE GAULLE'S ALGERIAN PEACE PLAN IS THE ONLY WAY TO END THE FIVE-YEAR-OLD NORTH AFRICAN CONFLICT.

IN A POLICY STATEMENT BEFORE THE 82-NATION GENERAL ASSEMBLY, COUVE DE MURVILLE CHALLENGED THE RIGHT OF THE U. N. TO INTERVENE IN THE FRENCH-ALGERIAN DISPUTE. THE ASSEMBLY, HE ASSERTED, EXCEEDED THE LIMITS OF ITS COMPETENCY WHEN IT VOTED TO CONSIDER THE PROBLEM.

THE FRENCH DIPLOMAT CHARGED FURTHER THAT U. N. DEBATE IN THE PAST HAS AGGRAVATED THE ALGERIAN CONFLICT RATHER THAN CONTRIBUTING TO A SOLUTION. HE MADE NO REFERENCE TO FRANCE'S REPORTED DECISION TO TAKE NO PART IN U. N. DEBATE ON ALGERIA WHEN THE ISSUE COMES UP LATER THIS FALL.

COUVE DE MURVILLE APPEALED FOR A CEASE-FIRE IN ALGERIA AS A PRELIMINARY TO A REFERENDUM WHICH WOULD DECIDE THE FUTURE OF THE STRIFE-TORN TERRITORY.

"IT IS UP TO THE ALGERIANS THEMSELVES TO CHOOSE THEIR OWN DESTINY," HE SAID.

COUVE DE MURVILLE OUTLINED THE DE GAULLE PLAN FOR SELF-DETERMINATION WHICH WOULD PERMIT INDEPENDENCE IF ALGERIANS VOTE FOR IT. HE PLEDGED A FAIR, HONEST REFERENDUM WITHIN FOUR YEARS AFTER PEACE HAS BEEN RESTORED AND INVITED OBSERVERS FROM THE OUTSIDE TO WITNESS THE VOTING.

"THE WAY IS CLEAR, HONEST AND UNEQUIVOCAL," HE SAID. "IT IS THE ONLY ONE THAT CAN PUT AN END, WITHIN A SHORT SPACE OF TIME, TO A TRAGEDY THAT HAS LASTED ONLY TOO LONG."

THE FRENCH DELEGATION WALKED OUT OF THE ASSEMBLY LAST WEEK WHEN SAUDI ARABIAN CHIEF DELEGATE AHMAD SHUKAIRY LABELED THE DE GAULLE PLAN "CHAOS--PURE AND SIMPLE."

THE REBEL ALGERIAN GOVERNMENT, BASED IN TUNIS, ANNOUNCED EARLIER THIS WEEK IT IS READY TO DISCUSS A CEASE-FIRE AND DETAILS OF THE DE GAULLE PROPOSAL. A FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID IN PARIS, HOWEVER, FRANCE WOULD IGNORE THE STATEMENT BECAUSE "THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT DOES NOT RECOGNIZE THE REBELS AS A GOVERNMENT."

COUVE DE MURVILLE MADE THESE POINTS ON OTHER MAJOR ISSUES: NUCLEAR TESTS--FRANCE WILL NOT ENTER INTO ANY AGREEMENT BANNING TESTS OF ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN WEAPONS UNLESS SUCH AN AGREEMENT IS PART OF A DISARMAMENT PROGRAM CALLING FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF NUCLEAR WEAPON STOCKPILES.

DISARMAMENT--FRANCE DISAGREES WITH THE PROPOSAL OF SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV PROVIDING THAT INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS WOULD BE SET UP ONLY AFTER THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD HAD LAID DOWN THEIR ARMS. COUVE DE MURVILLE INSISTED THAT CONTROLS MUST BE A PART OF THE DISARMAMENT PROCESS.

BERLIN--THE POSITIONS OF THE SOVIET UNION AND THE WESTERN POWERS ARE "STILL VERY FAR APART." LONG NEGOTIATIONS WILL BE NECESSARY, COUVE DE MURVILLE SAID, TO BRING THEM TOGETHER. THE SOVIET PROPOSALS FOR A BERLIN SOLUTION "WOULD ESSENTIALLY TAKE THE FORM OF THE EVACUATION OF WESTERN TROOPS FROM BERLIN. IT WOULD BE TANTAMOUNT, IN LAW, TO LEGALIZING THE DIVISION OF GERMANY."

"PUTTING THIS INTO EFFECT WOULD NOT FAIL TO PROVOKE DEEP REACTIONS ON THE PART OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE, THE FAR-REACHING CONSEQUENCES OF WHICH ARE IMMEASURABLE. WE HAVE ALWAYS BELIEVED THAT THIS WOULD BE CONTRARY TO JUSTICE AND REASON."

JS101PED

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 30 (AP)--THE UNITED STATES ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT IT IS SUPPORTING TURKEY AGAINST POLAND FOR THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL.

THE TWO COUNTRIES ARE RIVALS FOR A TWO-YEAR TERM IN THE SEAT JAPAN WILL GIVE UP AT THE END OF THIS YEAR. THE 82-NATION GENERAL ASSEMBLY WILL ELECT JAPAN'S SUCCESSOR SOME TIME NEXT MONTH. A TWO-THIRDS VOTE IS REQUIRED.

A170

(160)

BONN, GERMANY, SEPT. 30 (AP)--A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER IS IN AGREEMENT WITH THE UNITED STATES ON EAST-WEST TALKS ON BERLIN AND IS READY TO LISTEN TO NEW PROPOSALS.

PRESS CHIEF FELIX VON ECKARDT, MAKING THE STATEMENT AT A NEWS CONFERENCE, WAS ASKED IF BONN WILL STAND ON ITS OLD POSITION THAT WESTERN FORCES MUST STAY IN BERLIN UNTIL GERMANY IS REUNIFIED.

"I CAN'T ANSWER SUCH A HYPOTHETICAL QUESTION," HE SAID, "I AM NO PROPHET."

HE DECLARED THAT THE FUTURE OF BERLIN MUST BE NEGOTIATED WITH PATIENCE. HE SAID THIS STAND DID NOT REPRESENT A SHIFT IN POLICY

30.24-8847

EITHER BY THE UNITED STATES OR WEST GERMANY.

HOWEVER, UP TO NOW THE ADENAUER GOVERNMENT HAS NOT WAVERED FROM ITS STAND THAT WESTERN FORCES MUST REMAIN IN WEST BERLIN AS LONG AS THE COUNTRY REMAINS DIVIDED.

VON ECKARDT SAID ADENAUER HAD AN OPEN MIND ON THE QUESTION. BUT HE ADDED THAT NO PROPOSAL HAS YET BEEN ADVANCED THAT WOULD CAUSE ADENAUER TO VEER FROM THAT STAND.

WHEN THE NEW EAST-WEST TALKS BEGIN, VON ECKARDT SAID, HE ASSUMED THE WEST WOULD START FROM THE POSITION WHICH IT TOOK AT THE CLOSE OF THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE LAST SUMMER. THIS WAS THAT WESTERN FORCES WOULD REMAIN IN WEST BERLIN UNTIL GERMANY WAS REUNIFIED.

VON ECKARDT SAID ADENAUER AND OTHER WESTERN LEADERS HAD BEEN FULLY INFORMED ABOUT WHAT WENT ON IN THE TALKS BETWEEN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV EARLIER THIS MONTH.

ADENAUER, THE SPOKESMAN SAID, FELT THAT EISENHOWER HAS "REPRESENTED THE INTERESTS OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE IN A MANNER EXTRA-ORDINARILY SATISFACTORY TO US."

THE EXCHANGE OF VIEWS, VON ECKARDT WENT ON, DID NOT RESULT IN ANY SPECIFIC ADVANCE TOWARD A BERLIN SETTLEMENT BUT ONLY IN AGREEMENT TO HOLD FURTHER NEGOTIATIONS WITHOUT TIME LIMIT.

WEST GERMAN PAPERS HAD PAID PARTICULAR NOTICE TO A NEWS CONFERENCE STATEMENT BY EISENHOWER IN WHICH HE SAID HE AGREED WITH KHRUSHCHEV'S VIEW THAT THE SITUATION IN BERLIN IS ABNORMAL.

SOME OF THE PRESS SAW THIS AS A DEPARTURE FROM U.S. POLICY THAT THE RUSSIANS HAD BASED THEIR INSISTENCE ON ENDING THE OCCUPATION OF BERLIN ON THE ARGUMENT THE SITUATION WAS ABNORMAL.

VON ECKARDT, NOTING THAT BERLIN IS SEPARATED FROM WEST GERMANY BY 110 MILES OF COMMUNIST TERRITORY, SAID:

"NO ONE CAN SAY THAT THE SITUATION OF BERLIN IS NORMAL. THERE ISN'T MUCH DIFFERENCE BETWEEN SAYING SOMETHING IS NOT NORMAL AND THAT IT'S ABNORMAL."

FD218PED

S69 (120)

BERLIN, SEPT. 30 (AP)--WALTER ULBRICHT, EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST PARTY

CHIEF, TODAY UNFOLDED TO HIS PARLIAMENT A FIVE-POINT PROGRAM

DESIGNED TO LEAD TO GERMAN REUNIFICATION.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS IN THE WEST GERMAN CAPITAL OF BONN PROMPTLY

REJECTED IT. THEY NOTED THE PLAN WAS FIRST ANNOUNCED BY ULBRICHT AT A

COMMUNIST PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE MEETING 11 DAYS AGO.

ULBRICHT'S PLAN SAID THE GOVERNMENTS OF EAST AND WEST GERMANY
MUST AGREE:

1. TO STOP NUCLEAR ARMS EXPERIMENTS.
2. TO RENOUNCE NUCLEAR ARMS AND AGREE TO AN ATOMIC-FREE ZONE IN
CENTRAL EUROPE.
3. TO PUT A CEILING ON A NONAGGRESSION PACT.
4. TO DRAW UP AN AGREEMENT ON A STEP-BY-STEP WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN
FORCES AND BASES FROM GERMAN SOIL.
5. TO CREATE AN ALL-GERMAN COMMISSION WITH EQUAL REPRESENTATION TO
DRAW UP CONDITIONS FOR GERMAN REUNIFICATION.

P1118AED

A161WX (SEG
A61WX

(400) NIGHT LEAD SEGNI
BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 30 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TODAY GAVE A FIRST
HAND REPORT TO ITALY'S PRIME MINISTER ANTONIO SEGNI ON HIS COLD WAR
TALKS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV.

SEgni PROMPTLY AGREED WITH EISENHOWER THAT THE CAMP DAVID, MD.,
DISCUSSIONS PROVED USEFUL IN THE CAUSE OF WORLD PEACE.

THE ITALIAN LEADER EXPRESSED THIS VIEW AT THE WHITE HOUSE AFTER
MEETING WITH EISENHOWER FOR THREE HOURS OF FORMAL AND LUNCH TABLE
CONVERSATIONS.

AS SEGNI EMERGED SMILING INTO THE LOBBY, EISENHOWER ALREADY HAD
TAKEN OFF BY HELICOPTER FOR THE AIRPORT TO BEGIN A CALIFORNIA VACA-
TION HE HOPES WILL KNOCK OUT A NAGGING COLD. HE HAD DELAYED HIS
DEPARTURE IN PART TO SEE SEGNI.

A JOINT ITALIAN-U.S. COMMUNIQUE MADE CLEAR EISENHOWER FAVORS MAINTAIN

ING WESTERN DEFENSE MIGHT DESPITE THE EASIER ATMOSPHERE CREATED BY HIS
TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

SEgni AND EISENHOWER PLEDGED TO STRIVE FOR A SAFEGUARDED WORLD DIS-
ARMAMENT PLAN BUT POINTEDLY DECLARED THAT IN THE MEANTIME:

"THE PRESENT INTERNATIONAL SITUATION DOES NOT YET PERMIT RELAXA-
TION IN WESTERN DEFENSE EFFORTS."

THEY DESCRIBED THE 15-NATION ATLANTIC ALLIANCE AS A CORNERSTONE OF
THEIR FOREIGN POLICIES AND SAID IT IS STILL NEEDED TO ASSURE SECURITY
AND THE RIGHT OF PEOPLE TO LIVE IN FREEDOM UNDER GOVERNMENTS OF THEIR

OWN CHOOSING.

SEgni DECLINED TO SPELL OUT ANY OF EISENHOWER'S REPORT ON THE KHRUSH-
CHEV TALKS. BUT, WITH OBVIOUS SATISFACTION, HE SAID EISENHOWER'S
ACCOUNT WAS "VERY USEFUL AND VERY SATISFACTORY."

ACCOMPANIED BY ITALIAN FOREIGN MINISTER GIUSEPPE PELLA AND AMBASSADOR
MANLIO BROGIO, SEGNI MET WITH EISENHOWER WITHIN MINUTES AFTER ARRIVING
BY PLANE.

VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON, IN GREETING SEGNI, HAILED HIM AS
ONE OF THE WEST'S MOST VIGOROUS LEADERS. IN THESE CRITICAL TIMES,
NIXON SAID, THE ADVICE OF MEN LIKE SEGNI IS PARTICULARLY VALUABLE IN
THE QUEST FOR ENDURING PEACE.

EISENHOWER, SWAPPING TOASTS WITH SEGNI AT LUNCHEON, SAID "ALTHOUGH
OUR LANGUAGES MAY BE DIFFERENT WE UNDERSTAND EACH OTHER WHEN WE TALK
OF A WORLD FREE FROM FEAR AND SECURE IN JUSTICE."

THE PRESIDENT PLEASSED THE ANTI-COMMUNIST ITALIAN LEADER BY PROMISING
TO BACK HIS COUNTRY'S RIGHT TO A VOICE IN FUTURE INTERNATIONAL
DISCUSSIONS OF MAJOR WORLD PROBLEMS.

BOTH MEN TALKED OVER THEIR IDEAS FOR HELPING UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES
AROUND THE WORLD BOLSTER THEIR ECONOMIES AND IMPROVE THEIR PEOPLE'S
LIVING STANDARDS.

BUT THE COMMUNIQUE GAVE NO HINT ABOUT WHETHER THE TWO MEN WILL
TRANSLATE THIS CONCERN INTO A SPECIFIC PLAN FOR LOANS AND GRANT
ASSISTANCE.

NIXON ARRANGED TO ENTERTAIN AT A FORMAL DINNER TONIGHT IN SEGNI'S
HONOR. SOME 60 OF THE CAPITAL'S TOP ADMINISTRATION LEADERS, DIPLOMATS
AND CONGRESSMEN WERE ON THE GUEST LIST.

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-95-

ADVANCE FOR 3:30 PM EST TODAY

(140) SECOND LEAD SEGNI

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, SEPT. 30 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND ITALY'S
PRIME MINISTER ANTONIO SEGNI AGREED TODAY THAT THE PRESIDENT'S TALKS
WITH SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV "PROVED USEFUL IN THE CAUSE OF PEACE."

THE VISITING ITALIAN LEADER JOINED EISENHOWER IN THIS APPRAISAL
AFTER THE PRESIDENT GAVE HIM A CONFIDENTIAL, FIRSTHAND REPORT ON THE
CAMP DAVID CONFERENCES WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

IN A JOINT STATEMENT AFTER A THREE HOUR CONFERENCE, SEGNI AND
EISENHOWER SAID "ALL POSSIBLE EFFORTS SHOULD CONTINUE TO BE MADE TO
ACHIEVE A REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD"--WITH ADEQUATE
CONTROLS AND SAFEGUARDS.

EISENHOWER AND SEGNI AGREED "THE PRESENT INTERNATIONAL SITUATION
DOES NOT YET PERMIT RELAXATION IN WESTERN DEFENSE EFFORTS."

A PRINCIPAL PURPOSE OF SEGNI'S VISIT WAS TO GET EISENHOWER'S RE-
PORT ON THE KHRUSHCHEV MEETING.

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(450) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD RUSSIAN TRADE

54.5

BY LEWIS GULICK

UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON TODAY GAVE THIS AS THE GIST OF LAST WEEKEND'S TALKS BETWEEN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND KHRUSHCHEV ON TRADE, A PRIORITY ITEM FOR THE SOVIET PREMIER.

BUT DILLON DID NOT FORESEE ANY SPEEDY, SIZABLE STEPUP IN TRADE BETWEEN THE TWO COLD WAR ADVERSARIES. HE NOTED MANY OBSTACLES REMAIN, INCLUDING A LACK OF RUSSIAN GOODS THAT AMERICANS WANT.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S SECOND RANKING OFFICIAL DID EXPRESS HOPE THAT NEGOTIATIONS OVER RUSSIA'S WORLD WAR II LEND-LEASE DEBT WILL GET UNDER WAY IN A MONTH OR TWO. THE UNITED STATES IS ASKING 800 MILLION DOLLARS, RUSSIA OFFERED ONLY 300 MILLION.

DILLON SAID THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION MAY ASK CONGRESS, IF THERE IS A LEND-LEASE SETTLEMENT, TO REMOVE SOME LEGAL RESTRICTIONS SUCH AS THOSE AGAINST RUSSIAN FURS AND TO EXTEND CREDIT AND MORE FAVORABLE TARIFF TREATMENT TO THE SOVIET UNION.

HE SAID KHRUSHCHEV REALIZED--AS DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN HAD NOT WHEN HE WAS HERE LAST JANUARY--THAT TRADE CANNOT BE TREATED APART FROM THE OVER-ALL RELATIONS BETWEEN EAST AND WEST.

KHRUSHCHEV, DILLON REPORTED, DID NOT DISCUSS SPECIFIC ITEMS BUT WAS EMOTIONAL ABOUT U. S. TRADE RESTRICTIONS--"HE THOUGHT THEY WERE TREATED AS SOME FORM OF OUTCAST, AND HE DIDN'T LIKE IT."

SAYING KHRUSHCHEV DID NOT ASK FOR CREDITS, DILLON COMMENTED THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE BEEN PRETTY GOOD ABOUT PAYING OFF COMMERCIAL LOANS.

THE CREDITS ISSUE FIGURES IN ONE OF THE LEGAL RESTRICTIONS, THE JOHNSON ACT WHICH BARS PRIVATE LOANS TO ANY COUNTRY IN DEFAULT OF ITS OBLIGATIONS TO THE UNITED STATES AND NOT A MEMBER OF THE WORLD BANK AND INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND. RUSSIA DOES NOT BELONG TO THOSE FINANCIAL ORGANIZATIONS.

IN DILLON'S VIEW, A LARGE AREA FOR POSSIBLE INCREASE IN U. S.-RUSSIAN TRADE EXISTS, REGARDLESS OF THE LEGAL BARRIERS.

THE PROBLEM LIES MAINLY IN A LACK OF SOVIET ITEMS THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD WANT TO BUY, HE SAID.

GOODS THAT AMERICAN PURCHASERS WANT FROM ABROAD IN SUBSTANTIAL QUANTITIES AND WHICH THE RUSSIANS HAVE AVAILABLE, DILLON SAID, ALREADY ARE BEING SUPPLIED BY FREE WORLD COUNTRIES.

TRADE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA IS TINY IN TERMS OF THE ECONOMIES OF BOTH COUNTRIES.

LAST YEAR THE UNITED STATES EXPORTED 3 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF GOODS TO RUSSIA AND IMPORTED 17 1/2 MILLIONS.

AS FOR WHAT KHRUSHCHEV WOULD LIKE TO BUY FROM THE UNITED STATES, DILLON SAID THE SOVIET PREMIER SPOKE OF LARGE MACHINERY AS AN EXAMPLE.

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BULLETIN

BULLETIN
WASHINGTON, SEPT. 30 (AP)-SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV WAS TOLD ON HIS VISIT HERE THAT IF RUSSIA SETTLED ITS LEND-LEASE DEBT THE UNITED STATES WOULD FIND IT EASIER TO WIPE OUT TRADE BARRIERS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

JA740AED

UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DILLON REPORTED THIS TODAY IN REPLY TO REPORTERS' QUESTIONS. HE ALSO SAID THAT KHRUSHCHEV REGISTERED STRONG OBJECTIONS DURING THE CAMP DAVID TALKS TO WHAT THE PREMIER CONSIDERED DISCRIMINATION AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION IN AMERICAN TRADE POLICIES.

IT WAS QUITE CLEAR IN HIS TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV ON TRADE PROBLEMS, DILLON SAID, THAT WHEN KHRUSHCHEV THOUGHT THE SOVIETS WERE BEING TREATED LIKE SOME FORM OF OUTCAST THEY DID NOT LIKE IT A BIT.

HE SAID THE ONLY AGREEMENT REACHED WAS ONE TO NEGOTIATE ON A LEND-LEASE SETTLEMENT. THIS NEGOTIATION PROBABLY WILL BE STARTED IN A MONTH OR TWO. AT LEAST, DILLON SAID HE HOPED ARRANGEMENTS WOULD BE WORKED OUT QUICKLY WITH THE SOVIET EMBASSY.

THE UNITED STATES HAS ASKED 800 MILLION DOLLARS IN FINAL SETTLEMENT OF SOVIET OBLIGATIONS FOR WAR-TIME LEND-LEASE AID WHICH TOTALED AROUND 2 1/2 BILLION DOLLARS.

THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, IN PROLONGED NEGOTIATIONS BEGUN SOON AFTER THE END OF WORLD WAR II, OFFERED 300 MILLION DOLLARS. THE TWO COUNTRIES FINALLY DEADLOCKED OVER THE GAP AND NEGOTIATIONS HAVE BEEN INACTIVE FOR SEVERAL YEARS.

DILLON DISCUSSED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE SEVERAL ACTIONS WHICH THE UNITED STATES MIGHT TAKE IF THERE IS A LEND-LEASE SETTLEMENT--WHICH HE NOW SEEMS TO CONSIDER ENTIRELY POSSIBLE.

THIS GOVERNMENT, HE INDICATED, MAY LIFT ITS EMBARGO AGAINST CRAB MEAT FROM THE SOVIET UNION, MAY ASK CONGRESS TO REMOVE THE BAN ON SOVIET FURS AND MAY SEEK LEGISLATION PERMITTING THE SOVIETS TO OBTAIN CREDITS HERE FROM PRIVATE SOURCES. SUCH CREDITS ARE NOW BARRED BECAUSE OF RUSSIA'S DEFAULT ON UNPAID DEBTS THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT INHERITED FROM THE PRE-REVOLUTIONARY KERENSKY REGIME.

DILLON DISCOUNTED THE POSSIBILITY OF ANY HUGE INCREASE IN TRADE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA. THE BASIC REASON, HE SAID, IS THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE VERY LITTLE TO SELL WHICH THE UNITED STATES WANTS TO BUY.

ON THE OTHER HAND, HE SAID THE RUSSIANS WANT TO BUY A GREAT DEAL THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS TO SELL. FOR EXAMPLE, HE SAID THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT HAD OBTAINED TECHNICAL INFORMATION ON PRODUCTION OF SEVERAL DIFFERENT SYNTHETIC FIBERS. HE SAID THE PLANTS TO MANUFACTURE SUCH FIBERS COULD BE BOUGHT BY THE SOVIETS SO FAR AS GOVERNMENT POLICY IS CONCERNED.

HOWEVER THE PRIVATE COMPANIES WHICH WOULD DO THE SELLING ARE CONCERNED WITH SECURING THEIR ROYALTIES AND PROTECTING THEIR PATENT RIGHTS AND THE UNITED STATES HAS NO OVER-ALL LEGAL ARRANGEMENT WITH RUSSIA WHICH WOULD BE REASSURING TO SUCH COMPANIES.

DILLON INSISTED THERE HAD NOT BEEN ANY RADICAL CHANGE IN U. S. POLICY TOWARD TRADE WITH RUSSIA, SAYING THAT THIS COUNTRY HAD ALWAYS FAVORED AN EXPANSION OF PEACEFUL TRADE.

WHAT IS ALTERING THE SITUATION, HE SAID, IS THE PROSPECT FOR IMPROVEMENT IN POLITICAL RELATIONS. THIS WOULD BE PROMOTED BY A LEND-LEASE SETTLEMENT.

AS THE ATMOSPHERE EASES, ASSUMING PRESENT PROSPECTS ARE BORNE OUT, DILLON SAID IT MIGHT BE POSSIBLE TO MAKE A TRADE AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIET UNION WHICH WOULD GIVE THE RUSSIANS "MOST FAVORED NATION TREATMENT," MEANING THEY COULD SEND GOODS TO THE UNITED STATES UNDER TARIFF RATES AS FAVORABLE AS THOSE CHARGED ANY OTHER COUNTRY--PROVIDED THEY EXTENDED THE SAME RIGHT TO THE UNITED STATES WITH RESPECT TO EXPORTS TO RUSSIA.

THERE IS ALSO SOME TALK AMONG OFFICIALS OF NARROWING THE LIST OF ITEMS WHICH ARE PROHIBITED FOR SHIPMENT TO RUSSIA.

THE BASIS OF THE EMBARGO LIST IS MACHINES OR MATERIALS WHICH MIGHT DIRECTLY CONTRIBUTE TO RUSSIA'S MILITARY STRENGTH. BUT SOME OFFICIALS AT LEAST CONSIDER THAT MANY ITEMS ON THE LIST, AMONG THEM STEEL TUBING, HAVE A MARGINAL IMPORTANCE IN RESPECT TO DENYING STRATEGIC GOODS TO THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT.

POSSIBLY IMPROVING TRADE CHANCES IS RUSSIA'S AGREEMENT TO RESUME NEGOTIATIONS TOWARD SETTLEMENT OF LEND-LEASE OBLIGATIONS DATING FROM WORLD WAR II.

WHEN THE EXCHANGES WERE BROKEN OFF SEVERAL YEARS AGO THE UNITED STATES WAS ASKING 800 MILLION DOLLARS BY WAY OF FINAL SETTLEMENT; THE SOVIETS WERE OFFERING 300 MILLION DOLLARS.

IN ADDITION TO LEND-LEASE THERE ARE STILL RUSSIAN DEBTS OUTSTANDING FROM BEFORE THE COMMUNIST REVOLUTION DURING WORLD WAR I. OFFICIALS PUT THE TOTAL OF THESE INCLUDING PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST AT 573 MILLION DOLLARS.

BOTH LEGAL AND POLICY REASONS WERE CITED TO INDICATE THAT FURTHER LARGE-SCALE U.S. CREDITS TO RUSSIA ARE UNLIKELY IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

ON THE LEGAL SIDE THE 1934 JOHNSON ACT AND LATER AMENDMENTS PROHIBIT THE EXTENSION OF PRIVATE CREDITS TO ANY COUNTRY WHICH IS IN DEFAULT OF ITS OBLIGATIONS TO THE UNITED STATES AND WHICH IS NOT A MEMBER OF THE INTERNATIONAL BANK AND MONETARY FUND.

AS FOR POLICY, THE UNITED STATES IS FOCUSING ITS GOVERNMENT LOANS TOWARD UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES, AND OFFICIALS SAID THERE IS NO PROSPECT WHATEVER THAT IT WILL MODIFY THIS POLICY IN ORDER TO HELP A HIGHLY DEVELOPED INDUSTRIAL COUNTRY LIKE RUSSIA FURTHER DEVELOP ITS INDUSTRY.

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A7PX (AX CX LA KX)

MEDIA, PA., SEPT. 30 (AP)--TWO WILL BE BENEFICIARIES LIVING BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN CAN CLAIM \$3,100 IN U.S. SAVINGS BONDS AND \$677 IN CASH IF THEY COME TO THIS COMMUNITY IN EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

JUDGE E. LEROY VAN RODEN OF THE DELAWARE COUNTY ORPHANS COURT SAID YESTERDAY HE WROTE ANTHONY GURASH AND MRS. VERA BURGAN, RESIDENTS OF VELIKAYA LEVADA CILLAGE, CHMELNYTSKAYA PROVINCE, SAYING:

"YOUR LEADER (SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV) HAS RECENTLY TOLD THE AMERICAN PEOPLE THAT UNDER THE COMMUNIST SYSTEM IN RUSSIA PEOPLE ARE ONLY ABLE TO RECEIVE MONEY FOR WORK THEY DO AND THAT HE (KHRUSHCHEV) AND THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT ARE OPPOSED TO PEOPLE RECEIVING MONEY UNDER THE CAPITALISTIC SYSTEM WHEN IT IS GIVEN TO THEM BY ANY OTHER WAY THAN WORK."

THE MONEY WAS LEFT TO THE PAIR BY THEIR FATHER, ILYA GURASH, OF NORWOOD, PA., WHO DIED IN 1951. IT WILL REMAIN IN A BANK HERE GAINING INTEREST.

TJ223AED

A22WX

(400) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD WORLD BANK
BY STERLING F. GREEN

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 30 (AP)--A UNITED STATES PROPOSAL FOR CREATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL AGENCY TO MAKE EASY-PAYMENT LOANS TO LESS DEVELOPED NATIONS MOVED FORWARD TODAY.

DELEGATIONS FROM WORLD BANK NATIONS WHICH DECLARED THEIR POSITION AT THE BANK'S ANNUAL MEETING WITH THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND HERE INDICATED WELL-NIGH UNANIMOUS SUPPORT FOR THE PLAN.

THE FINAL DECISION IS DUE TOMORROW. THE BANK'S GOVERNORS WERE CONSIDERED CERTAIN TO ADOPT A RESOLUTION INSTRUCTING THE BANK TO

DRAW UP A CHARTER FOR THE NEW INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION (CAPS I. D. A.) AS AN AFFILIATE.

THE ~~IDA~~ WOULD MAKE SOFT LOANS IN THE POORER COUNTRIES; THESE ARE LONG-TERM CREDITS WHICH ARE PAYABLE IN WHOLE OR IN PART OF THE CURRENCY OF THE BORROWING NATION. IDA

THIS WOULD DISTRIBUTE AMONG SCORES OF COUNTRIES PART OF THE FOREIGN AID BURDEN WHICH NOW FALLS SOLELY ON THE UNITED STATES. HOWEVER, UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON ASSURED THE GOVERNORS THAT DOLLAR-SAVING IS NOT THE AMERICAN OBJECTIVE.

"WE LOOK UPON THE IDA AS A PROPOSAL TO INCREASE THE TOTAL FLOW OF DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL TO THE LESS DEVELOPED AREAS AND NOT AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR BILATERAL ASSISTANCE FROM THE INDUSTRIALIZED COUNTRIES," DILLON SAID.

HE ALSO TOLD THE DELEGATES AND STAFFS WHO FILLED WASHINGTON'S BIGGEST BANQUET HALL, IN THE SHERATON PARK HOTEL, THAT THE UNITED STATES IS WILLING TO ADD TO IDA'S RESOURCES SOME OF THE FOREIGN CURRENCIES IT HAS ACQUIRED IN EXCHANGE FOR SURPLUS FOODS SOLD ABROAD.

THESE LOCAL CURRENCIES WOULD BE IN ADDITION TO THE APPROXIMATELY 300 MILLION DOLLARS WHICH THIS COUNTRY WOULD CONTRIBUTE AS ITS SHARE OF THE CAPITAL OF THE NEW AGENCY.

THIS USE OF PART OF THE HUGE U. S. ACCUMULATION OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES WAS SUGGESTED BY SEN. A. S. MIKE MONRONEY (D--OKLA) WHEN HE ADVANCED THE IDA IDEA THREE YEARS AGO. BUT TODAY SOME FOREIGN DELEGATES PROFESSED PUZZLEMENT AT HOW THESE CURRENCIES COULD BE HANDED OVER TO AN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION.

MOREOVER, CERTAIN DELEGATIONS--INCLUDING THE BRITISH PRIVATELY AND THE DUTCH OFFICIALLY--VOICED THE VIEW THAT ONE OF IDA'S GREATEST PROBLEMS WILL BE HOW TO USE OR DISPOSE OF THE SOFT CURRENCIES WHICH IT WILL ACCUMULATE AS ITS LOANS ARE REPAYED.

SOME CRITICS HERE AND ABROAD HAVE SUGGESTED THAT IDA, AFTER THE FIVE YEARS OF OPERATION PRESCRIBED IN THE PENDING PROPOSAL, WILL HAVE LOANED OUT ALL ITS HOLDINGS OF DOLLARS AND OTHER HARD CURRENCIES AND WILL BE LEFT WITH NOTHING EXCEPT SOFT CURRENCIES WHICH ARE IN SLIGHT DEMAND. THEN, THE OBJECTORS HAVE PREDICTED, THE MEMBER NATIONS WILL BE TAPPED AGAIN FOR MORE CAPITAL. #27842-3261

B31WX Q

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY

(280) GOLDMAN

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, SEPT. 30 (AP)--A RETIRED GOVERNMENT GEOLOGIST WHO INHERITED A SMALL FORTUNE IN 1948 HAS REFUSED TO TELL SENATE INVESTIGATORS WHETHER HE GAVE MONEY TO COMMUNIST CAUSES.

MARCUS I. GOLDMAN, WHO LIVES HERE, REPEATEDLY INVOKED HIS FIFTH AMENDMENT PROTECTION AGAINST POSSIBLE SELF-INCRIMINATION WHEN ASKED IF HE CONTRIBUTED TO NUMEROUS ORGANIZATIONS LISTED AS COMMUNIST FRONTS.

GOLDMAN AND HIS WIFE, ELIZABETH, WERE QUESTIONED BY THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE AT CLOSED-DOOR SESSIONS EARLIER THIS YEAR. THEIR TESTIMONY WAS MADE PUBLIC TODAY.

BOTH OF THEM DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER THEY WERE MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, INVOKING THEIR FIFTH AMENDMENT PROTECTION.

GOLDMAN WAS AN INTERIOR DEPARTMENT GEOLOGIST FROM 1907 UNTIL HIS RETIREMENT IN 1949. THE YEAR BEFORE HIS RETIREMENT HE INHERITED ONE-TWELFTH OF AN ESTATE OF OVER FIVE MILLION DOLLARS LEFT BY THE LATE JULIUS GOLDMAN, NEW YORK LAWYER AND INDUSTRIALIST.

NOW 78 YEARS OLD, GOLDMAN SAID HE DRAWS \$382 A MONTH FROM THE GOVERNMENT IN RETIREMENT PAY.

GOLDMAN, WHO WAS QUESTIONED BY THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES AS LONG AGO AS 1943, WAS ASKED IF HE WOULD SAY HOW MUCH HE HAS DONATED IN THE LAST FIVE YEARS TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY. TO COMMUNIST

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CAUSES, AND TO THE DEFENSE OF ALLEGED COMMUNISTS.

HE DECLINED TO DO SO, NOR WOULD HE TESTIFY ABOUT VARIOUS CHECKS PLACED IN EVIDENCE BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE.

ALONG WITH THE TESTIMONY OF THE GOLDMANS, THE SUBCOMMITTEE ALSO PUBLISHED TESTIMONY TAKEN AT A PUBLIC HEARING LAST MAY 15 FROM JAMES E. JACKSON, NEGRO COMMUNIST LEADER.

JACKSON REFUSED TO SAY IF THE GOLDMANS EVER GAVE HIM ANY MONEY FOR THE COMMUNIST PARTY. THE GOLDMANS DECLINED TO TESTIFY WHETHER THEY KNEW JACKSON AND WHETHER THEY WERE IN REGULAR CONTACT WITH COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS.

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Sept 30, 1959